

## iFabric Corp.

### Audit Committee Charter

#### Purposes

The primary function of the Audit Committee (the "Committee") is to assist the board of directors (the "Board") in fulfilling its responsibilities by reviewing the financial reports and other financial information provided by iFabric Corp. (the "Company") to any regulatory body or the public, the Company's systems of internal controls regarding preparation of those financial statements and related disclosures that management and the board of directors have established and the Company's auditing, accounting and financial reporting processes generally. Consistent with this function, the Audit Committee encourages continuous improvement of, and fosters adherence to, the Company's policies, procedures and practices at all levels. The Committee's primary objectives are to:

- assist directors in meeting their responsibilities in respect of the preparation and disclosure of the financial statements of the Company and related matters;
- provide for open communication between the board of directors and external auditors;
- enhance the external auditor's independence; and
- increase the credibility and objectivity of financial reports.

#### Composition

The Committee is comprised of three directors. The majority of the directors are "independent" (as such term is used in National Instrument 52-110 *Audit Committees* ("NI 52-110")). All of the members of the Committee shall be "financially literate" (as defined in NI 52-110) unless the board of directors shall determine that an exemption under NI 52-110 from such requirement in respect of any particular member would be applicable and is to be adopted by the Company in accordance with the provisions of NI 52-110. The members of the Committee shall be elected by the board of directors at the annual organizational meeting of the Board and remain as members of the Audit Committee until their successors shall be duly elected and qualified. Unless a Chairman is elected by the Board, the members of the Committee may designate a Chairman by majority vote.

#### Meetings

The Committee shall meet at least twice annually, or more frequently as circumstances dictate. As part of its mandate to foster open communication, the Committee should meet at least annually with management and the external auditors in separate executive sessions to discuss any matters that the Committee or each of these groups believe should be discussed privately. The Chief Financial Officer is required to be present at the meetings of the Audit Committee. Minutes of all meetings of the Audit Committee shall be taken and the Committee shall report the results of its meetings and reviews undertaken and any associated recommendations or resolutions to the Board. A written resolution signed by all Committee members entitled to vote on that resolution at a meeting of the Committee shall be a valid resolution of the Committee. A quorum for meetings of the Committee shall be majority of its members, and the rules for calling, holding, conducting and adjourning meetings of the Committee shall be the same as those governing the Board. Members of the Committee may participate in a meeting of the Committee by means of telephone or other communication device or facilities that permit all persons participating in any such meeting to hear one another.

#### Responsibilities and Duties

To fulfil its responsibilities and duties, the Committee shall:

A. *Documents/Reports Review*

1. Review and update this Committee Charter, as conditions dictate.
2. Review the financial statements, MD&A and all public disclosures containing audited or unaudited financial information (including, without limitation, annual and interim press releases and any other press releases disclosing earnings or financial results) before release and prior to the Board's approval where required.
3. Review the reports to management prepared by the external auditors and management responses.
4. Review of significant auditor findings during the year, including the status of previous audit recommendations.
5. Be satisfied with and periodically assess the adequacy of procedures for the review of corporate disclosure that is derived or extracted from the financial statements.

B. *External Auditors*

1. Be directly responsible for overseeing the work of the external auditors, including the resolution of disagreements between management and the external auditors regarding financial reporting.
2. Recommend to the Board the external auditors to be nominated for appointment by the shareholders.
3. Recommend to the board of directors the terms of engagement of the external auditor, including their compensation and a confirmation that the external auditors shall report directly to the Committee.
4. On an annual basis, review and discuss with the auditors all significant relationships the auditors have with the Company to determine the auditors' independence.
5. Review the performance of the external auditors and approve any proposed discharge of the external auditors when circumstances warrant.
6. Periodically consult with the external auditors about internal controls and the fullness and accuracy of the organization's financial statements.
7. Consider, in consultation with the external auditor, the audit scope and plan of the external auditor.

C. *Financial Reporting Processes*

1. In consultation with the external auditors and management, review the integrity of the organization's financial reporting processes both internal and external. Consider judgments concerning the appropriateness of the Company's accounting policies.
2. Consider and approve, if appropriate, major changes to the Company's auditing and accounting principles and practices as suggested by the external auditors or management.

*D. Process Improvement*

Review with external auditors their assessment of internal controls, their written reports containing recommendations for improvement, and management's response and follow-up to any identified weaknesses. The Committee shall also review annually with the external auditors their plan for their audit, and upon completion of the audit, their reports upon the financial statements.

*E. Ethical and Legal Compliance*

1. Ensure that management has the proper review system in place to ensure that the Company's financial statements, reports and other financial information disseminated to regulatory organizations and the public satisfy legal requirements.
2. Perform any other activities consistent with this Committee Charter, the Company's by-laws and governing law, as the Committee or the Board deems necessary or appropriate.